Head Lice Facts

- Head lice are common among all classes of people.
- You can completely control a head lice infestation with manual removal alone. You cannot completely control head lice with head lice shampoos alone. You must combine shampoo treatment with manual removal.

(University of Georgia College of Agricultural and Environmental Sciences http://extension.uga.edu/publications/detail.cfm?number=C851)



 Most cases of head lice are acquired outside of the school.

· Head lice cause no medical harm.

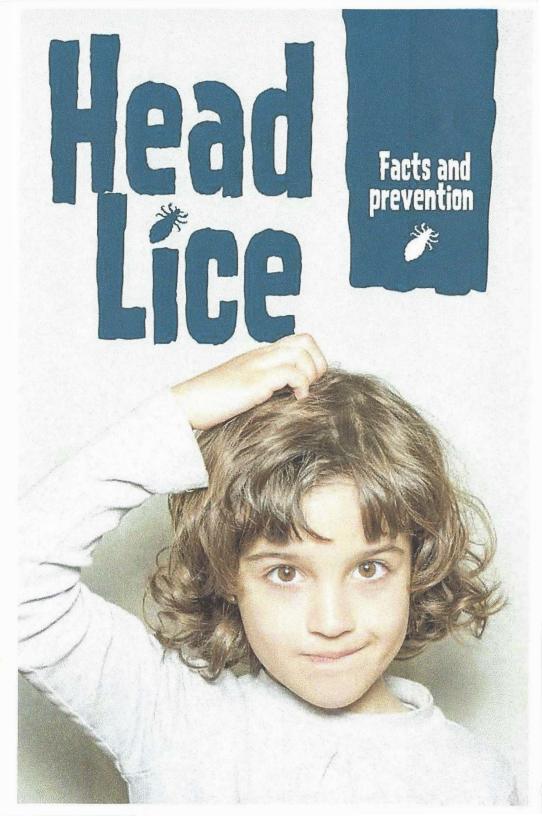
 Head lice are transmitted by head-to-head contact.

> (University of Georgia College of Agricultural and Environmental Sciences http://extension.uga.edu/publications/ detail.cfm?number=C851)

2700 Judge Fran Jamieson Way Viera, FL 32940-6601



Taken with permission from http://www.cdc.gov/parasites/lice/head/prevent.html

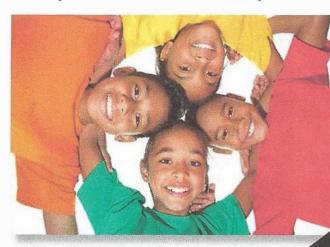


Head Lice Prevention and Control Head lice



Head lice are spread most commonly by direct headto-head (hair-to-hair) contact. However, much less frequently they are spread by sharing clothing or belongings onto which lice have crawled or nits attached to shed hairs may have fallen. The risk of getting infested by a louse that has fallen onto a carpet or furniture is very small. Head lice survive less than 1–2 days if they fall off a person and cannot feed; nits cannot hatch and usually die within a week if they are not kept at the same temperature as that found close to the scalp.

The following are steps that can be taken to help prevent and control the spread of head lice:



Avoid head-to-head (hair-to-hair) contact during play and other activities at home, school, and elsewhere (sports activities, playground, slumber parties, camp).

Do not share combs, brushes, or towels. Disinfest combs and brushes used by an infested person by soaking them in hot water (at least 130°F) for 5–10 minutes.



Do not lie on beds, couches, pillows, carpets, or stuffed animals that have recently been in contact with an infested person.

Machine wash and dry clothing, bed linens, and other items that an infested person wore or used during the 2 days before treatment using the hot water (130°F) laundry

cycle and the high heat drying cycle. Clothing and items that are not washable can be dry-cleaned OR sealed in a plastic bag and stored for 2 weeks.





Vacuum the floor and furniture, particularly where the infested person sat or lay. However, spending much time and money on housecleaning activities is not necessary to avoid reinfestation by lice or nits that may have fallen off the head or crawled onto furniture or clothing.

Do not share clothing such as hats, scarves, coats, sports uniforms, hair ribbons, or barrettes.



Do not use fumigant sprays or fogs; they are not necessary to control head lice and can be toxic if inhaled or absorbed through the skin.

Mission:

To protect, promote & improve the health of all people in Florida through integrated state, county & community efforts.



Rick Scott Governor

Coleste Philip, MD, MPH Surgeon General and Secretary

Vision: To be the Healthiest State in the Nation

Dear Parent/Guardian,

Head Lice

Head Lice (pediculus humanus capitis) are insects found on heads of people. Head lice live <u>only</u> on humans. They live on the hairs of the head especially behind the ears and back of the head. They cannot fly or jump but only crawl. Head lice are not a health hazard. They do not spread disease. Head lice move from one person's head to another in the following ways: head to head contact, sharing hair brushes, combs, hats, towels, clothing or bedding with someone who has lice.

To avoid head lice from spreading, teach children not to touch or play with each other's hair. They should also not share combs, brushes, pillows, hats, towels, coats or other clothing. Following these simple rules will greatly reduce the spread of head lice.

Head lice are treatable. Various shampoos (pediculicides) are available over the counter without a doctor's order. Directions need to be followed according to individual products. Combs and hairbrushes should be soaked in hot water for 5 minutes or washed with lice shampoo. Disinfecting furniture and insecticide sprays are not necessary or recommended.

To more information viola.	<u>~</u>
Cut along line and return bottom portion to school clinic	
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•	my child for head lice. I understand I must accompany my ool and he/she will be checked by clinic staff or school e lice.
Child's Name	Parent/Guardian Signature/Date
HD-312E (rev 05-16)	•

www.FloridaHealth.gov TWITTER:HealthyFLA FACEBOOK:FLDepartmentofHealth

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